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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE CONFIRMATION NO. F-8441 10/810,028 03/26/2004 Ryszard Szczepanski 8412 EXAMINER 24131 7590 07/18/2006 LERNER GREENBERG STEMER LLP BROWN, MICHAEL A P O BOX 2480 PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT HOLLYWOOD, FL 33022-2480 3764

DATE MAILED: 07/18/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Quinn '790.

Quinn discloses in figures 1-5 a combination rotary drive 1, a massager for a attachment to the drive, the massager comprising a massage head including a substantially spherical core 22, having an uninterrupted curved surface section (fig. 4), a cover assembly 4, surrounding the spherical core, a drive shaft 11 connected to the spherical core, a connector 8 for attaching the massager to the drive, an attachment 12, for transferring rotary motion from the drive to the drive shaft and a tubular sleeve 6 surrounding the drive shaft.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Quinn in view of Nagano.

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Quinn discloses in figures 1-6 a massager, substantially as claimed. However, Quinn doesn't disclose the drive shaft being tapered and having a threaded end.

Nagano teaches in figures 1-3 a shaft 1, being tapered (at 14) and having a threaded end 14b. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time that the invention was made that the tapered shaft having a threaded end as taught by Nagano could be substituted for the drive shaft disclosed by Quinn because either shaft could be used to attach balls to the massager. On the other hand the tapering and threaded end could be incorporated into the drive shaft disclosed by Quinn in order to use a nut to fasten the drive shaft to the balls and the massager. The ball disclosed by Quinn has a recess that 21 passes into. The recess is covered by a cover 24.

Claims 10-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Quinn in view of Vitale.

Quinn discloses in figures 1-6 a massager, substantially as claimed. However, Quinn doesn't disclose the spherical core having beveled surfaces, the balls being different sizes, the core having grooves and high spots, the grooves being perpendicular to the drive shaft. Quinn teach a three-headed drive 20. Vitale teaches in figures 1-3 a spherical core 10 having beveled surface 18 and grooves 20 that provide high spots. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time that the invention was made that the spherical core having beveled surfaces and grooves that provide high spots as taught by Vitale could be incorporated into the spherical core disclosed by Quinn. The beveled surface would allow an object such as a small ball to be inserted therein. The grooves would provide air-lines to permit air to

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flow over the balls during massaging. The high spots would permit air to flow around the spherical core. It is old and well known that the rotary drive can be a razor as disclosed by the Applicant in the specification of the present invention. Quinn discloses a gearbox (col. 2, lines 8). It is a design choice to have balls that are different sizes. The drive shaft would be perpendicular to the grooves on the spherical core.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 3-7 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 17-20 are allowed.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Hunt and Pokorny, each discloses a massager.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Brown whose telephone number is 571-272-4972. The examiner can normally be reached on 5:30 am-4:00 pm Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gergory Huson can be reached on 571-272-4887. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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M. Brown July 2, 2006

> MICHAEL A. BROWN PRIMARY EXAMINER

Midnel G. Brown